

# Problem Set 7 - LV 141.A55 QISS - 9.5.2016

## 1. Coulomb Blockade at Room Temperature

Calculate the capacitance necessary to observe Coulomb blockade at room temperature.

Assume a parallel plate capacitor with a spacing of 1 nm. What would be the plate area?

## 2. Single Electron Transistor

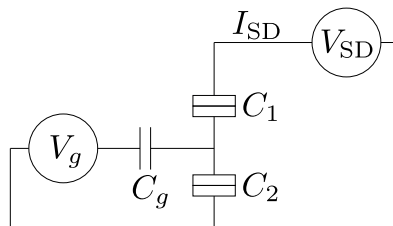


Figure 1: Single Electron Transistor

As calculated in the lecture, the Gibbs free energy for a single electron transistor is given by

$$G(V_{SD}, V_g, n_1, n_2) = \frac{(ne - C_g V_g)^2}{2C_\Sigma} - \frac{n_1 C_1 + n_2 (C_2 + C_g)}{C_\Sigma} e V_{SD}$$

- Calculate the difference  $\Delta G$  for a single electron tunneling through the upper junction  $0 \rightarrow 1$
- Calculate the difference  $\Delta G$  for this electron tunneling out through the lower junction  $1 \rightarrow 0$
- At zero temperature, a current through the SET can flow if both  $\Delta G$  are negative. Indicate in the  $V_{SD}$  vs  $V_g$  plane, where this condition is fulfilled.
- consider the reverse process: Tunneling through the lower junction  $1 \leftarrow 0$  and then through the upper junction  $0 \leftarrow 1$ .
- consider other possible processes, like  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$ ,  $-1 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow -1$ ,  $1 \leftarrow 2 \leftarrow 1$ , etc.